

**RESEARCH RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY**

**VIII. ANIMAL HEALTH & ANIMAL PRODUCTION**

Thirty nine scientific recommendations developed by animal science disciplines are described below.

**Year: 2011-12**

**Impact of herd composition on herd performance traits in Gir cattle**

Maintaining an established breeding herd of an average of 110 Gir cows in South Saurashtra region results in an average of 388 (i.e. 400) total heads, 260 total adult units and 72 % total female population with 85 (22 %) breedable heifers, 80 (21 %) growing females below 2 years of age and 63 (57 % total cows) milch cows with wet average of 6.8 lit., herd average of 3.8 lit. and return of 116 % over feed cost. Herd structure and performance vary significantly by year. Month significantly influences calving rate and herd average. Wet average (7.2 vs 6.1 lit), herd average (4.2 vs 3.4 lit) and % milch cows (57-60 vs 54-55 %) remain higher from March to May and lower during August-September months. Performance traits show negative trend with number of cows, total breedable females and total heads present in the herd. Hence, optimum herd structure should be maintained for higher performance and return.

*(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)*

**Breeding and lactation efficiencies of Gir cows**

In organized large dairy herd of Gir cattle in South Saurashtra region-i) Over all breeding efficiency, lactation efficiency, age at first calving, calving interval and lactation period of Gir cows were  $86.9 \pm 0.5$  %,  $61.1 \pm 1.1$  %,  $1527.8 \pm 14.2$  (50.1 mo.),  $481.2 \pm 4.9$  (15.8 month) and  $281.0 \pm 4.6$  days, respectively. About 29 % of heifers calved for the first time below the average age of 44 months and 38 % of cows calved at an average calving interval of 14 months. ii) Average milk production of Gir cows increased with increase in parity and reached peak of 2300 lit. of 300-d milk yield in 5<sup>th</sup> lactation. In subsequent lactations also, 300-d lactation milk yield remained between 1950 and 2100 lit. up to 8th lactation which indicated high persistency of production over parity. Productive life of cows averaged 8.5 years (i.e., 3108 days) with 10,000 lit. life time milk production with an average of 4.3 calvings during lifetime. iii) About 19 % Gir cows remained in the herd for more than 12 years of age (on an average 14.6 years) and more than 25 % of cows performed in the herd for more than 6 lactations. Hence, breeding goals of less than 44 months of age at first calving and 14 months of calving interval may be set for Gir cattle.

*(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)*

**Breeding and lactation efficiencies of Jaffrabadi buffaloes**

In organized large dairy herd of Jaffrabadi buffaloes in South Saurashtra region-i) Over all breeding efficiency, lactation efficiency, age at first calving, calving interval and lactation period of Jaffrabadi buffaloes averaged  $79.0 \pm 1.5$  %,  $58.2 \pm 1.6$  %,  $1656.7 \pm 28.6$  (54.3 month),  $541.9 \pm 7.9$  (17.8 month) and  $291.9 \pm 5.0$  days, respectively. About 28 % of heifers calved for the first time below the average age of 47 month and 31 % of buffaloes calved at an average calving interval of 15 months. ii) Average milk production of Jaffrabadi buffaloes increased with increase in parity and reached peak of 1900 lit. of 300-d milk yield in 4<sup>th</sup> lactation. In subsequent lactations also, 300-d lactation milk yield remained between 1700 and 1800 lit. upto 6<sup>th</sup> lactation which indicated high persistency of production over parity. Productive life of buffaloes averaged 10.1 years (i.e., 3701 days) with 8500 lit. life time milk production with an average of 4.7 calvings during life time. iii) About 20 % Jaffrabadi buffaloes remained in the herd for more than 12 years of age (on an average 16.6 years) and more than 38 % of these animals performed in the herd for more than 6 lactations. Hence, breeding goals of less than 47 months of age at first calving and 15 months of calving interval may be set for Jaffrabadi buffaloes.

*(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)*

**Year: 2012-13**

**Management of sub-estrus condition in post-partum buffaloes through hormonal therapy**

The field veterinarians are informed that synthetic analogue of Prostaglandin (PGF<sub>2</sub>α) when injected @ 2 ml i/m in post-partum subestrus Jaffrabadi buffaloes helps in the regression of corpus luteum within an average period of 2 to 3 days.

(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)

**Year: 2013-14**

**Estimation of Bulk milk Somatic Cell Count (SCC) from the raw milk of Gir cattle and Jaffrabadi buffalo**

The scientific community is informed that average bulk tank milk somatic cell count - BTMSCC/ml milk of Gir cows (720,278 SCC/ml) and Jaffrabadi Buffaloes (623,625 SCC/ml) were lower than the US standards for "Grade A" milk (750,000 SCC /ml) without significant effect of season and time of milking in organized dairy farm.

(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)

**Incidence of parasitic infections in bovines in and around Junagadh city**

The veterinary professionals are informed that cattle and buffalo in and around Junagadh region were found predominately infected with *Toxocara vitulorum*, *Fasciola* spp., strongyles, *Strongyloides papillosus*, amphistomes, coccidia (*Eimeria* spp. and *Cryptosporidium* spp.) and *Buxtonella sulcata* (ciliates) parasites.



(Dept. of Vet. Parasitology, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Abattoir survey of reproductive abnormalities in Jaffrabadi buffaloes (*Bubalus bubalis*)**

It is informed to scientific community that about half of the culled Jaffrabadi buffaloes have acquired cervical affections, which include kinked cervix (72.6%) and cervical ectropion (25.8%) as major abnormalities which should be noted as a point of concern by scientific community.

(Dept. Vet. Gyn. & Obst., College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Year: 2014-15**

**Survey on ethno-veterinary practices and preliminary evaluation of antibacterial activity of commonly used plants for animal health in Junagadh district**

Methanol extract of *Prosopis juliflora* (Gando Baval) leaves at the concentration of 200 mg/ml has good *in vitro* antibacterial activity against bacterial isolates from animals, viz., *Escherichia coli*, *Streptococcus agalactiae* and *Staphylococcus aureus*.

(Dept. of Vet. Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Radio-anatomy of heart size in mongrel dogs using Vertebral Heart Score system**

The normal VHS for mongrel dogs is 8.0 to 11.1 V. The deviation from this range may indicate cardiac abnormalities.

(Dept. of Veterinary Surgery & Radiology, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Histomorphometry & histochemical observations on the ovaries of Jaffrabadi buffaloes in different season of year**

In Jaffrabadi buffaloes, based on biometrical and micrometrical observations, higher functional activities of ovaries are observed in winter season.

(Department of Veterinary Anatomy, College of Veterinary Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Molecular characterization of Interleukin-8 (IL-8) gene in Jaffrabadi Buffalo (*Bubalus bubalis*)**

It is recommended to use following primers for the study of IL-8 gene involved in mastitis resistance.

**List of Primers**

Sr. No.	Primer Sequence 5'-3'	Primer length (bp)
Primer 1	Forward 5'-GGGCGGAGGTTGCGTATT-3'	18
	Reverse 5'-TAAGAGGGATCCCAGTAAGGTTT-3'	23
Primer 2	Forward 5'-GACGAGCTTCAGGCAACTATCA-3'	22
	Reverse 5'-ATATTAAATGCCATGGAGACAAA-3'	23
Primer 3	Forward 5'-TGGAAGAATCCAGCAAAGTTC-3'	21
	Reverse 5'-TGACAGAAGGCACAGGCATA-3'	20
Primer 4	Forward 5'-CCAATCGATCTGGAAATCCT-3'	20
	Reverse 5'-TGACTAAGAGGTCTTTCTGTTTGTG-3'	25
Primer 5	Forward 5'-ACAAACAGAAAGACCTCTTAGTCA-3'	25
	Reverse 5'-CAAACCTCTGATGACTCTGACA-3'	22

(Dept. of Animal Genetics & Breeding, College of Veterinary Science & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Molecular characterization of Toll Like Receptor 4 (TLR-4) gene in Jaffrabadi Buffalo (*Bubalus bubalis*)**

Allele B is more frequent than allele A for *TLR-4/ALU I* gene and use of following primers is recommended in Jaffrabadi buffaloes.

Exon(s)	Sr. No.	Primer Sequence 5'- 3'	Amplicon Size (bp)
Exon 1	Primer-1	Forward 5'-CACAGAGCCACTTCTGGTCA-3'	180
		Reverse 5'- TTTTCAGAAGCAAGGCCAAG-3'	
Exon 2	Primer-2	Forward 5'- ACCTGAGCTTTAACTACCT-3'	280
		Reverse 5'-AATATTTCTGCTGAATAGGA-3'	
Exon 3	Primer-3	Forward 5'-CTGGGCTCTCAAGTTTACGG-3' Reverse 5'-AACCAGCCGGTTGATTTTA-3'	410
	Primer-4	Forward 5'-GGCTGGTTTTGGGAGAATTT-3' Reverse 5'-TGTGAGAACAGCAACCCTTG-3'	420
	Primer-5	Forward 5'-CAAGGGTTGCTGTTCTCACA-3' Reverse 5'-GAGCGAGTGGAGTGGTTCAT-3'	478
	Primer-6	Forward 5'-TGCTCCCTGACATCTTCACA -3' Reverse 5'-TCTGACAAGTGGCATTCCCTG-3'	440
	Primer-7	Forward 5'-TCAGGAATGCCACTTGTCAG-3' Reverse 5'-CAGGTCTGGGCAATCTCATA-3'	406
	Primer-8	Forward 5'-CCAGAGCCGATGGTGTATCT-3' Reverse 5'-CACTGAATCACCGGGCTTT-3'	410
	Primer-9	Forward 5'-GGTAAACCCACGAGTCCAGA-3' Reverse 5'-CCCCCGGGAAGTTCTATATT-3'	286

(Dept. of Animal Genetics & Breeding, College of Veterinary Science & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **The retrieval rate and grading of oocytes from ovary of culled Jaffrabadi buffaloes**

Higher recovery rate and good quality oocytes can be obtained from ovaries without CL (Corpus Luteum) in Jaffrabadi buffalo using slicing method.

(Dept. of Veterinary Gynecology & Obstetrics, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Comparative study on efficacy of different medicaments for induction of estrus in true anoestrous Jaffrabadi heifers (*Bubalus bubalis*)**

The true anoestrous Jaffrabadi buffalo heifers of 3 to 3.5 body condition score responded well to CIDR or ovsynch-protocol in terms of estrus induction and conception rate.

(Dept. of Veterinary Gynecology & Obstetrics, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Association of milk components with intra-mammary infection in Jaffrabadi Buffaloes**

The milk lactose and milk urea nitrogen are found to be decreased in Jaffrabadi buffaloes with mastitis.

(Dept. of Livestock Production management, College of Vet. Science & A. H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Year: 2015-16**

**Preliminary evaluation of antibacterial activity of extracts of *Cassia auriculata*, *Prosopis juliflora* and *Annona squamosa***

Alkaloid rich fractions of *Prosopis juliflora* leaves can be a good drug entity against resistant bacteria due to its antibacterial property against various bacteria including Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology & Toxicology, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Survey on indigenous plants use for medicinal purpose in animals in Junagadh region**

Farmers of Junagadh, Mendarda and Vanthali taluka are commonly using *Adansonia digitata* (Gorakh ambli) for gastric problems, *Elephantopus scaber* (Ghaa Jadvu) and *Clerodendrum phlomidis* (Arni) for wound healing, *Psoralea corylifolia* (Baauchi) for skin infection, *Enicostemma littorale* (Mamejvo) for internal parasites and *Tecomella undulata* (Ragat rohido) for fracture healing in animals.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology & Toxicology, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Assessment of blood cells' immunocompetence around parturition in Gir cows and Jaffarabadi buffaloes**

During peripartum period phagocytic activity and lymphocyte proliferation responses are lower in Gir cows as compared to Jaffarabadi buffaloes.

(Department of Veterinary Physiology & Biochemistry, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Haemato-biochemical profiles of horses in and around Junagadh**

In Kathiawari horses, total granulocyte per cent and MCHC (g/dl) are higher in females and lymphocyte per cent higher in males.

(Department of Veterinary Physiology & Biochemistry, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Diagnosis of *Babesia bigemina* and *Trypanosoma evansi* in bovines in and around Junagadh: traditional vs molecular detection and assessment of risk factors**

In cattle and buffaloes PCR is the most effective technique in diagnosis of subclinical and latent infections of *Babesia* spp. (Sensitivity, 100%; Specificity, 82.90%) and *Trypanosme* spp. (Sensitivity, 100%; Specificity, 95.92%).

(Department of Veterinary Parasitology, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Study of parasitic infections/infestations in animals presented at TVCC, Junagadh**

The major parasites recorded in domesticated animals in and around Junagadh are as below:

Name of Parasite	Animal species
<i>Buxtonella sulcata</i> , <i>Eimeria</i> spp., <i>Fasciola gigantica</i> , <i>Aamphistomes</i> , <i>Babesia</i> spp.	Cattle, Buffaloes
<i>Eimeria</i> spp.	Goat, Bird
Strongyle, <i>Babesia</i> spp.	Horse
Hook Worm, <i>Babesia</i> spp., Demodex	Dog
<i>Trypanosoma evansi</i>	Camel

(Department of Veterinary Parasitology, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Effect of replacement of graded levels of maize with raw and detoxified mango seed kernel (*Mangifera indica*) in conventional concentrate mixture on *in vitro* rumen fermentation pattern**

Total phenol content in raw mango seed kernels is reduced by 60.00 per cent and 70.40 per cent by boiling in water and treatment with 1.00 per cent calcium hydroxide, respectively. Based on *in vitro* studies, treated mango seed kernel can replace 100 per cent maize in ISI grade-II concentrate mixture for cattle.

(Department of Animal Nutrition, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Aetio-pathological studies on broiler mortality in and around Junagadh**

*E. coli* infection is the major cause (31.21 per cent) of mortality in broilers of 16-30 days (22.55 per cent) during winter (22.40 per cent) in and around Junagadh.

(Department of Veterinary Pathology, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

### Study on postnatal development of adrenal gland in gohilwadi goat (*Capra hircus*)

Adrenal gland of day old Gohilwadi kid has definite foetal cortex and medulla, while adult adrenal exhibits the structures of typical zones of cortex and medulla. Width of definite cortex increases, while that of foetal zone decreases with increasing age.

(Department of Veterinary Anatomy, Veterinary College, JAU, Junagadh)

**Year: 2016-17**

### Preliminary evaluation of antibacterial activity of extracts of selected medicinal plants

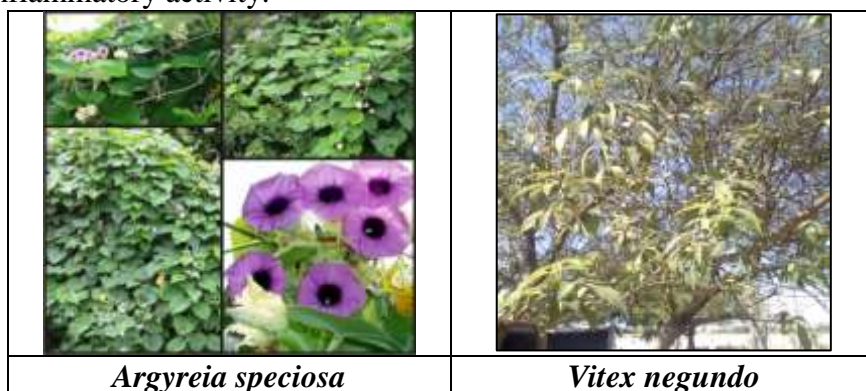
Methanolic and chloroform extracts of leaves of *Aristolochia longa* (Kidamari), *Adansonia digitata* (Gorakhamli), *Solanum xanthocarpum* (Bhoi-ringani), *Moringa oleifera* (Saragavo) and *Syzygium cuminii* (Kala-jambu) were found to have significant *in-vitro* antibacterial activity.



(Department of Vet. Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### *In-vitro* anti-inflammatory activity of selected medicinal plants

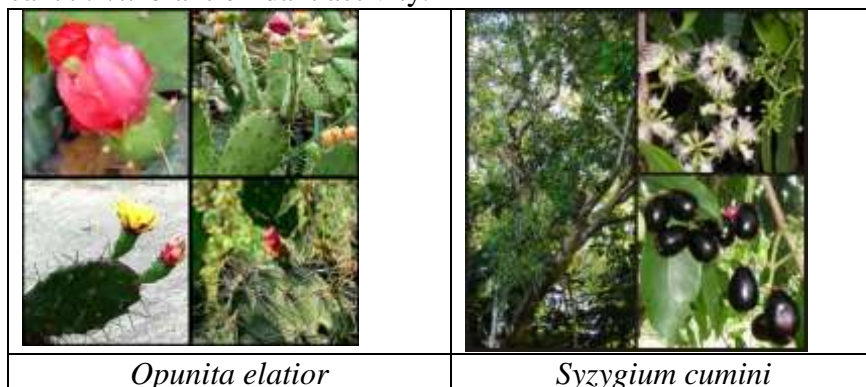
Extracts from *Argyreia speciosa* leaves (Avali-savali), *Adansonia digitata* leaves (Gorakh ambli), *Flueggea leucopyrus* leaves, *Peltophorum pterocarpum* bark (Pilo gulmohor), *Solanum xanthocarpum* aerial part (Bhoi-ringani) and *Vitex negundo* leaves (Nagod) showed significant *in-vitro* anti-inflammatory activity.



(Department of Vet. Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### *In-vitro* antioxidant activity of extracts of selected medicinal plants

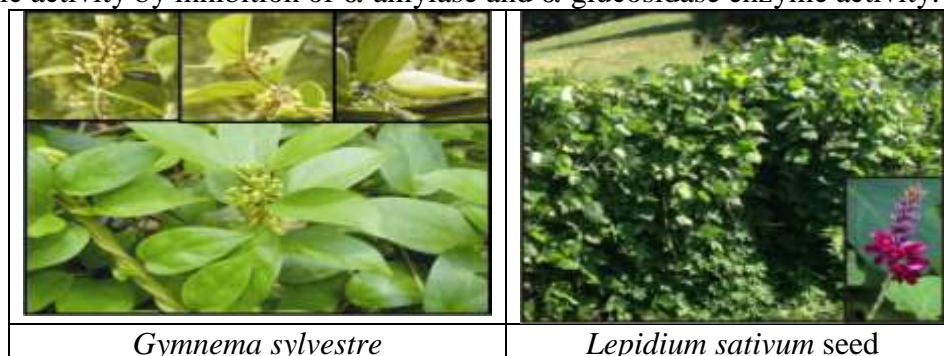
*Opuntia elatior* (Hathlothor) fruit extracts of *Peltophorum pterocarpum* (Pilo gulmohor) leaves and bark, *Syzygium cuminii* (Kala-jambu) leaves and *Tridax procumbens* (Ghaburi) leaves showed significant *in-vitro* antioxidant activity.



(Department of Vet. Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **In-vitro anti-diabetic activity of extracts of selected medicinal plants**

Extracts of *Gymnema sylvestre* (*Madhu nashini*), *Lepidium sativum* seed (*Sheliyo*), *Moringa oleifera* (*Saragavo*) leaves and *Pueraria tuberosa* (*Fagiyo*) tuber showed significant *in-vitro* anti-diabetic activity by inhibition of  $\alpha$ -amylase and  $\alpha$ -glucosidase enzyme activity.



(Department of Vet. Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Effect of various levels of some herbal feed additives in total mixed ration on *in vitro* nutrient utilization and rumen fermentation**

Garlic bulb powder, fenugreek seed powder and *ashwagandha* root powder can be incorporated at 0.5 % level and ginger rhizome powder at 1 % level in total mixed rations to improve *in-vitro* degradability and rumen fermentation.



(Department of Animal Nutrition, Coll. of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Study of acaricidal resistance status and species of ticks infesting animals presented at TVCC, Junagadh**

In Saurashtra region, major ticks of cattle, buffaloes and horses is *Rhipicephalus microplus* (>85 %) and of dog *R. sanguineus* ( $\approx$ 100 %); where in *R. microplus* shows moderate resistance (level II) against deltamethrin and against ivermectin, but susceptibility to cypermethrin. Moderate resistance against ivermectin is also recorded in *R. sanguineus*.



(Department of Vet. Parasitology, Coll. of Vet. Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

**Year: 2017-18**

### **Evaluation of *in-vitro* antibacterial, anti-inflammatory, antioxidant and anti-diabetic effects of medicinal plants**

Crude alkaloid fraction from *Cassia absus* has *in-vitro* antibacterial activity against *Escherichia coli*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Streptococcus agalactiae* and *Staphylococcus aureus*.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Evaluation of *in-vitro* antibacterial, anti-inflammatory, antioxidant and anti-diabetic effects of medicinal plants**

Aqueous extract of *Operculina turpethum* leaves and hydro alcoholic extract of *Sphaeranthus indicus* fruit have *in-vitro* anti-inflammatory activity.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Evaluation of *in-vitro* antibacterial, anti-inflammatory, antioxidant and anti-diabetic effects of medicinal plants**

Aqueous, alcoholic and hydro alcoholic extracts of *Cressa cretica* leaves have *in-vitro* antioxidant activity.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Evaluation of *in-vitro* antibacterial, anti-inflammatory, antioxidant and anti-diabetic effects of medicinal plants**

Hydro alcoholic extract of *Luffa echinata* fruit, *Pterocarpus marsupium* bark and extracts of *Cressa cretica* leaves have *in-vitro* anti-diabetic activity.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Evaluation of healing potential of polyherbal formulation on full-thickness skin wounds in rabbits**

Polyherbal formulation containing gel of *Aloe vera* (1 %), defatted alcoholic extract of leaves of *Argyrea speciosa* (0.25 %), hydro alcoholic extract of bark of *Ficus racemosa* (0.25 %), aqueous extract of leaves of *Prosopis juliflora* (1.5 %) and *Tridax procumbens* (0.5 %) has wound healing effect in full-thickness skin excision wound in rabbits polyherbal formulation containing gel of *Aloe vera*, defatted alcoholic extract of leaves of *Argyrea speciosa*, hydro alcoholic extract of bark of *Ficus racemosa*, aqueous extract of leaves of *Prosopis juliflora* and *Tridax procumbens* has wound healing effect in full-thickness skin excision wound in rabbits

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Effect of piperine pre-conditioning on pharmacokinetics of marbofloxacin following subcutaneous administration in rats**

Oral administration of piperine does not alter the pharmacokinetics of subcutaneously administered marbofloxacin in rats.

(Department of Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Seroprevalence of Infectious Bbovine Rhinotracheitis (IBR) in dairy animals with reproductive disorders**

Due to high (more than 30 %) seroprevalence of IBR in Saurashtra region, it is advisable to take preventive & control measure.

(Department of Veterinary Public Health, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Hematological and biochemical aspects associated with haemoprotozoan infection in cows, buffaloes and horses**

Hemoprotozoan infection in cows, buffaloes and horses causes anemia with significant increase in serum AST & ALT levels as well as significant change in SOD & MDA levels indicating oxidative stress and oxidative damage.

(Department of Veterinary Public Health, CV Sci. & A.H., JAU, Junagadh)

### **Effect of methyl ergometrine and PGF<sub>2</sub> $\alpha$ during puerperium period in Gir cows**

It is recommended that a single dose of PGF<sub>2</sub> $\alpha$  immediately after parturition in Gir cows enhances the process of placental separation, hastens the uterine involution, decreases the service period and increases the conception rate.



(Cattle Breeding Farm, JAU, Junagadh)